

Oklahoma 4-H

Did you know you can grow your own tree...from a pecan?



What do you need?

- Pecans
- Vermiculite
- ½ to 1 gallon plastic pitcher
- 1 gallon zip lock bag
- Refrigerator crisper drawer
- Aquarium pump and air diffuser
- Aquarium heater
- Aquarium thermometer
- Tree pots open bottom 4x4x10-14" (or milk cartons or milk jugs)
- Potting media for nursery plants

From a Nut to a Tree – Grow Your Own Pecan Seedlings

In winter, pecans that have been buried by squirrels get cold and wet from rain and snow. This cold, wet period before sprouting is called "stratification" and is necessary for pecans to start growing into trees. When spring arrives and it starts getting warmer, pecans start to sprout and grow strong. To grow your own pecan tree, buy or collect pecans in November. Make sure the shell is not cracked and there are no holes from insects. Then:

- Soak pecans in water for 24 hours (This mimics rain and snow.).
- Wet enough vermiculite to fill half of the zip lock bag and allow water to drain overnight (This will be the ground that the pecans get buried in.).
- Put the pecans and the moist vermiculite in a zip lock bag, close it, and write the date on the bag (This mimics a squirrel burying a pecan in winter.).
- Store in a refrigerator crisper drawer for at least 2 months (This is the winter season!).











After the last frost, (around April 15 in Stillwater, Oklahoma), pecans can be planted outside. Spring is here! Time to start warming up! To mimic spring,

- Fill a plastic pitcher with water and use an aquarium heater, pump and air diffuser to set temperature to 90 degrees. A floating aquarium thermometer will help with the process. Check the temperature several times for one day to make sure that water will not be too hot and boil the pecans (Cooked pecans won't grow!).
- Remove the pecans from the refrigerator and rinse off the vermiculite.
- Throw away any cracked, moldy or open nuts (By "pregerminating", you can see which pecans are still good to plant, and you won't waste time and materials planting bad pecans).
- Place the pecans in the pitcher with the heater and air diffuser and keep at 90 degrees. You may have to adjust the temperature after adding the pecans.
- Change the water daily. To keep seeds from sprouting in the winter, substances called growth inhibitors are in the shell. These substances will come out of the shell and get into the water, preventing seeds from growing. To remove the growth inhibitors and help



One pitcher with fresh water and a second pitcher shows water after one day. Water should be changed daily.

the seeds sprout (germinate), change the water every day and throw away any slimy or rotten pecans.

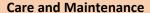
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After about 4-5 days, you should see a tiny root (radicle) starting to emerge from the pecan; that means it is time to plant! If the radicle is allowed to grow too long, it becomes very fragile and may break during planting, so don't wait too long to plant! Some nuts will germinate quicker but most will within 1 week.

Radicle on the left is at the correct stage for planting.

- A support system or rack can be designed for the type and number of pots used. It should be
 raised off the ground, with an open bottom (hardware cloth or expanded metal), to allow for
 root pruning. The tap root will grow to the bottom of the pot and then air prune. The tree will
 then grow more fibrous roots.
- A ½ gallon waxed milk carton with an open bottom works well for a pot. Specialized tree pots can be purchased, but usually only in large quantities. A ½ gallon plastic milk jug would work with both ends removed.
- A commercial potting media advertised as a nursery mix has good water holding capacity as well
 as good aeration. Field soil is not recommended because it is too poorly aerated for good
 growth in containers.
 - Plant the nuts about 1 to 1- 1/2 inches deep, on their side. Cover with media and water in well.



- Do not allow the pots to dry out. When watering make sure to apply enough water to drain through the pots each time. Trees may need watering once a day especially during the hot summer months.
- If squirrels, bluejays, raccoons or mice are a problem, a net or cage may be needed to prevent loss of the nuts. Critters like to eat pecans and can dig up your pecan seed overnight.
- Once the pecans are up 2-3" tall, apply 1 tablespoon of Osmocote slow release fertilizer and monthly thereafter. Fertilizer applications made too early will burn the seedlings. Fertilize until mid-July.
- Monitor for insect and disease problems frequently.

Hand weed as needed. Weed competition will reduce tree growth substantially.

Growing container trees is a time consuming endeavor. Overlooking an insect problem, a squirrel digging up nuts, or skipping a watering may result in tree loss. On the other hand, growing your own seedlings can be a fun way to learn about growing trees.

Transplant

- Pecan roots in a container are not cold hardy and must be planted before the first freeze. Late September to early October plantings are ideal and usually perform better than winter and spring plantings.
- Consult Fact Sheet HLA-6247 Establishing a Pecan Orchard for help in establishment decisions.
- Planting can be done without modification to the root system, unless some roots have curled around the bottom of the container. In that case, cut off the curled portion of the taproot.

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